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[_] Industrial [X] Professional [X] Consumers

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SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

PRODUCT IDENTIFIER: MTN STREET PAINT Code: EXG0110307M

RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES AND USES ADVISED AGAINST: 1.2

Intended uses (main technical functions):

Liquid paint.

ectors of use

Consumer uses (SU21).

Jses advised against

This product is not recommended for any use or sector of use industrial, professional or consume other than those previously listed as 'Intended or identified uses'. If your use is not covered, please contact the supplier of this material safety data sheet.

Restrictions on manufacture, placing on market and use, according to Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Not restricted

1.3 DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET:

MONTANA COLORS, S.L.

Pol. Ind. Plà de les Vives - c/An aïs Nin 6 - 08295 Sant Vicenç de Castellet (Barcelona) ESPAÑA

Phone: +34 93 8332760 - Fax: +34 93 8332761 - www.montanacolors.com

E-mail address of the person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet:

e-mail: msds@ montanacolors.com

1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: +34 93 8332787 (9:00-17:00 h.) (working hours)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE ORMIXTURE: 2.1

fication in accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008~487/2013 (CLP):

DANGER: Flam. Liq. 2:H225 | Eye Irrit. 2:H319 | STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336

Physicochemical: Flam. Liq. 2:H225 Eye Irrit. 2:H319 STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336 Cat.2 Cat.2 Eyes Inhalation - Eyes CNS - Irritation Narcosis	Danger class	Classification of the mixture	Cat.	Routes of exposure	Targetorgans	Effects
Environment: Not classified	Human health: ! Environment:	Eye Irrit. 2:H319	Cat.2	Eyes		

Full text of hazard statements mentioned is indicated in section 16.

2.2 LABEL ELEMENTS:



This product is labelled with the signal word DANGER in accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008~487/2013 (CLP)

Hazard statements: H225 H319

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H336 Precautionary statements:

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children. P103

Read label before use.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

IF INHALED. Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you P304+P340-P312

feel unwell.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsina

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

P501a Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

Supplementary statements:

None.

2.3

Hazardous ingredients: 1-ethoxypropan-2-ol

Isopropyl alcohol OTHER HAZARDS

Hazards which do not result in classification but which may contribute to the overall hazards of the mixture:

Other physicochemical hazards: Vapours may form with air a mixture potentially flammable or explosive.

Other adverse human health effects: Prolonged contact may cause skin dryness

Other negative environmental effects: Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria.





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SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 SUBSTANCES:

Not applicable (mixture).

3.2 MIXTURES:

This product is a mixture.

Chemical description:

Mixture of pigments, resins and additives in organic solvents.

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS:

Substances taking part in a percentage higher than the exemption limit:

20 < 25 %	1-ethoxypropan-2-ol CAS: 1569-02-4 , EC: 216-374-5 REACH: 01-2119462792-32 CLP: Warning: Flam. Liq. 3:H226 Eye Irrit. 2:H319 STOTSE (nar ∞ sis) 3:H336	Index No. 603-177-00-8 < REACH
20 < 25 %	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6, EC: 203-603-9 CLP: Warning: Flam. Liq. 3:H226	Index No. 607-195-00-7 < REACH / ATP01
10 < 15 %	Ethyl alcohol CAS: 64-17-5 , EC: 200-578-6 REACH: 01-2119457610-43 CLP: Danger: Flam. Liq. 2:H225 Eye Irrit. 2:H319	Index No. 603-002-00-5 < REACH
5 < 10 %	Isopropyl alcohol CAS: 67-63-0 , EC: 200-661-7 REACH: 01-2119457558-25 CLP: Danger: Flam. Liq. 2:H225 Eye Irrit. 2:H319 STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336	Index No. 603-117-00-0 < REACH / ATP01
1 < 2 %	Xylene (mixture of isomers) CAS: 1330-20-7, EC: 215-535-7 REACH: 01-2119488216-32 CLP: Danger: Flam. Liq. 3:H226 Acute Tox. (inh.) 4:H332 Acute Tox. (skin) 4:H312 Skin Irrit. 2:H315 Eye Irrit. 2:H319 STOT SE (irrit.) 3:H335 STOT RE 2:H373i Asp. Tox. 1:H304	Index No. 601-022-00-9 < REACH
1 < 2 %	n-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4, EC: 204-658-1 REACH: 01-2119485493-29 CLP: Warning: Flam. Liq. 3:H226 STOTS E (na rcosis) 3:H336 EUH066	Index No. 607-025-00-1 < REACH / ATP01
< 0,20 %	Naphtha (oil), heavy alkylated CAS: 64741-65-7, EC: 265-067-2 CLP: Danger: Flam. Liq. 3:H226 Skin Irrit. 2:H315 STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336 Asp. Tox. (Note H,F1:H304 Aquatic Chronic 2:H411	Index No. 649-275-00-4 P) < REACH
< 0,15 %	2-methoxypropyl acetate CAS: 70657-70-4, EC: 274-724-2 CLP: Danger: Flam. Liq. 3:H226 Repr. 1B:H360D STOT SE (irrit.) 3:H335	Index No. 607-251-00-0 < CLP00

Impurities:

Content of benzene < 0.1%.

Stabilizers:

None

Reference to other sections:

For more information on hazardous ingredients, see sections 8, 11, 12 and 16.

SUBSTANCES OF VERY HIGH CONCERN (SVHC):

List updated by ECHA on 17/12/2015.

Substances SVHC subject to authorisation, included in Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006:

None

Substances SVHC candidate to be included in Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006:

None

PERSISTENT, BIOACCUMULABLE AND TOXIC PBT, OR VERY PERSISTENT AND VERY BIOACCUMULABLE VPVB SUBSTANCES:

Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria.





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SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 4.2

DESCRIPTION OF FIRST-AID MEASURES AND MOST SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, ACUTE AND DELAYED:



Symptoms may occur after exposure, so that in case of direct exposure to the product, when in doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Lifeguards should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective equipment if there is a possibility of exposure. Wear protective gloves when administering first aid.

Route of exposure	Symptoms and effects, acute and delayed	Description of first-aid measures
Inhalation:	Inhalation of solvent vapours may produce headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, unconsciousness.	Remove the patient out of the contaminated area into the fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stops, administer artificial respiration. If the person is unconscious, place in appropriate recovery position. Keep the patient warm and at rest until medical attention arrives.
Skin:	Prolonged contact may cause skin dryness.	Remove immediately contaminated clothing. Wash thoroughly the affected area with plenty of cold or lukewarm water and neutral soap, or use a suitable skin cleanser. Do not use solvents or thinners.
Eyes:	Contact with the eyes produces redness and pain.	Remove contact lenses. Rinse eyes copiously by irrigation with plenty of clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart, until the irritation is reduced. Call a physician immediately.
Ingestion:	If swallowed, may cause irritation of the throat, abdominal pain, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show container or label. Do not induce vomiting, due to the risk of aspiration. Keep the patient at rest.

4.3 INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED:

Notes to physician: Treatment should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

Antidotes and contraindications: Specific antidote not known.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Extinguishing powder or CO2. In the case of more important fires, also alcohol resistant foam and water spray/mist. Do not use for extinguishing: direct water jet. Direct water jet may not be effective to extinguish the fire, since the fire may spread.

5.2 SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE:

Flammable liquid and vapour. Decomposes when heated intensely. Fire can produce a dense black smoke. As consequence of combustion or thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides. Irritant. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

5.3 ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTERS:

Special protective equipment: Depending on magnitude of fire, heat-proof protective clothing may be required, appropriate independent breathing apparatus, gloves, protective glasses or face masks and boots. If the fire-proof protective equipment is not available or is not being used, combat fire from a sheltered position or from a safe distance. The standard EN469 provides a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Other recommendations: Cool with water the tanks, cisterns or containers close to sources of heat or fire. Bear in mind the direction of the wind. Do not allow fire-fighting residue to enter drains, sewers or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENTAND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES:

Eliminate possible sources of ignition and when appropriate, ventilate the area. Do not smoke. Avoid direct contact with this product. Avoid breathing vapours. Keep people without protection in opposition to the wind direction.

6.2 <u>ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:</u>

Avoid contamination of drains, surface or subterranean water and soil. In the case of large scale spills or when the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3 METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP:

Contain and mop up spills with non-combustible absorbent materials (earth, sand, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth, etc..). Clean preferably with a biodegradable detergent. Avoid use of solvents. Keep the remains in a close doon to iner.

6.4 REFERENCE TO OTHER SECTIONS:

For contact information in case of emergency, see section 1.

For information on safe handling, see section 7.

For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

For waste disposal, follow the recommendations in section 13.





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SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING:

Comply with the existing legislation on health and safety at work.

General recommendations:

Avoid any type of leakage or escape. Keep the container tightly closed.

Recommendations for the prevention of fire and explosion risks:

Vapours are heavier than air, may spread along floors to a considerable distance, can form explosive mixtures with air and are able to reach distant ignition sources and flame up or explode. Due to its flammability, this material should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded and away from other heat or electrical sources. Switch mobile phones off and do not smoke. No tools with a potential for sparks should be used.

Autoignition temperature
 Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits
 320. °C
 Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits
 2.1 - 14.2 % Volume 25°C

Recommendations for the prevention of toxicological risks:

Do not eat, drink or smoke in application and drying areas. After handling, wash hands with soap and water. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

Recommendations for the prevention of environmental contamination:

It is not considered a danger to the environment. In the case of accidental spillage, follow the instructions indicated in section 6.

7.2 CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES:

Forbid the entry to unauthorized persons. Keep out of reach of children. This product should be stored isolated from heat and electrical sources. Do not smoke in storage area. If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight. Avoid extreme humidity conditions in order to avoid leakages, the containers, after use, should be closed carefully and placed in a vertical position. For more information, see section 10.

<u>Class of storage</u> : According to current legislation.

Maximum storage period : 24. months

Temperature interval : min: 5. °C, max: 40. °C (recommended).

Incompatible materials:

Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.

Type of packaging:

According to current legislation.

<u>Limit quantity (Seveso III):</u> Directive 96/82/EC~2003/105/EC: Lower threshold: 5000 tons, Upper threshold: 50000 tons

7.3 SPECIFIC END USES:

For the use of this product do not exist particular recommendations apart from that already indicated.





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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 CONTROL PARAMETERS:

If a product contains ingredients with exposure limits, may be necessary a personnel monitoring, work place or biological, to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to EN689, EN14042 and EN482 standard concerning methods for assesing the exposure by inhalation to chemical agents, and exposure to chemical and biological agents. Reference should be also made to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of dangerous substances.

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES (TLV)

AGCIH 2013	<u>Year</u>	TLV-TWA		TLV-STEL		Remarks
		ppm	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	
1-ethoxypropan-2-ol		50.	220.	-	-	Recommended
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		50.	275.	100.	550.	Recommended
						Skin
Ethyl alcohol	1996	1000.	1880.	-	-	A4
Isopropyl alcohol	2003	200.	491.	400.	982.	A4
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	1996	100.	434.	150.	651.	A4
n-butyl acetate	1998	150.	713.	200.	950.	
Naphtha (oil), heavy alkylated		100.	525.	-	-	Internal value
2-methoxypropyl acetate		20.	110.	40.	220.	Recommended

TLV - Threshold Limit Value, TWA - Time Weighted Average, STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit.

Skin - Danger of cutaneous absorption.

A4 - Non classified as carcinogenic in humans.

<u>Dermal (Vd):</u> Means that, in exposures to this substance, the contribution by the cutaneous route, including the mucous membranes and eyes, may result significant for the overall body content if no measures are taken to prevent absorption. There are some chemicals for which dermal absorption, both in liquid and vapour phases, can be very high, and this route of entry may be or equal or greater importance even that inhalation pathway. In these situations, the use of a biological control is essential in order to quantify the overall amount of contaminant absorbed.

BIOLOGICAL LIMIT VALUES:

Not available

DERIVED NO-EFFECT LEVEL (DNEL):

Derived no-effect level (DNEL) is a level of exposure that is considered safe, derived from toxicity data according to specific guidances included in REACH. DNEL values may differ from a occupational exposure limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OEL values may come recommended by a particular company, a government regulatory agency or an organization of experts. Although considered protective of health, the OEL values are derived by a process different of REACH.

Derived no-effect level, workers:	DNEL Inhalation		DNEL Cutaneou	us .	DNEL Oral	
- Systemic effects, acute and chronic:	mg/m3		mg/kg bw/d		mg/kg bw/d	
1-ethoxypropan-2-ol	211. (a) 31	17. (c)	s/r (a)	74.0 (c)	- (a)	- (c)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	- (a) 27	75. (c)	- (a)	154. (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Ethyl alcohol	s/r (a) 95	50. (c)	s/r (a)	343. (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Isopropyl alcohol	- (a) 50	00. (c)	- (a)	888. (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	289. (a) 77	7.0 (c)	s/r (a)	180. (c)	- (a)	- (c)
n-butyl acetate	960. (a) 48	30. (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Naphtha (oil), heavy alkylated	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Derived no-effect level, workers:	DNEL Inhalation		DNEL Cutaneou	us	DNEL Eyes	
- Local effects, acute and chronic:	mg/m3		mg/cm2		mg/cm2	
1-ethoxypropan-2-ol		s/r (c)	s/r (a)	s/r (c)	s/r (a)	- (c)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Ethyl alcohol	` '	s/r (c)	s/r (a)	s/r (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Isopropyl alcohol	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Xylene (mixture of isomers)		s/r (c)	s/r (a)	s/r (c)	- (a)	- (c)
n-butyl acetate		30. (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Naphtha (oil), heavy alkylated	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Derived no-effect level, general population:	DNEL Inhalation		DNEL Cutaneou	<u>us</u>	DNEL Oral	
- Systemic effects, acute and chronic:	mg/m3		mg/kg bw/d		mg/kg bw/d	
1-ethoxypropan-2-ol		27. (c)	s/r (a)	44.3 (c)	s/r (a)	14.0 (c)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		3.0 (c)	- (a)	54.8 (c)	- (a)	1.67 (c)
Ethyl alcohol		4. (c)	s/r (a)	206. (c)	s/r (a)	87.0 (c)
Isopropyl alcohol		9.0 (c)	- (a)	319. (c)	- (a)	26.0 (c)
Xylene (mixture of isomers)		4.8 (c)	s/r (a)	108. (c)	s/r (a)	1.60 (c)
n-butyl acetate)2. (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Naphtha (oil), heavy alkylated	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Derived no-effect level, general population:	DNEL Inhalation		DNEL Cutaneou	<u>us</u>	DNEL Eyes	
- Local effects, acute and chronic:	mg/m3		mg/cm2		mg/cm2	
1-ethoxypropan-2-ol		s/r (c)	s/r (a)	s/r (c)	b/r (a)	- (c)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Ethyl alcohol		s/r (c)	s/r (a)	s/r (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Isopropyl alcohol	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Xylene (mixture of isomers)		s/r (c)	s/r (a)	s/r (c)	- (a)	- (c)
n-butyl acetate)2. (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Naphtha (oil), heavy alkylated	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)

- (a) Acute, short-term exposure, (c) Chronic, long-term or repeated exposure.
- (-) DNEL not available (without data of registration REACH).
- s/r DNEL not derived (not identified hazard).
- b/r DNEL not derived (low hazard).





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PREDICTED NO-EFFECT CONCENTRATION (PNEC):

Predicted no-effect concentration, aquatic organisms:	PNEC Fresh water	PNEC Marine	PNEC Intermittent
- Fresh water, marine water and intermittent release:	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l
1-ethoxypropan-2-ol	10.0	1.00	10.0
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.635	0.0635	6.35
Ethyl alcohol	0.960	0.790	2.75
Isopropyl alcohol	141.	141.	141.
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	0.327	0.327	0.327
n-butyl acetate	0.180	0.0180	0.360
Naphtha (oil), heavy alkylated	uvcb	uvcb	uvcb
- Wastewater treatment plants (STP) and sediments in fresh- and	PNEC STP	PNEC Sediments	PNEC Sediments
marine water:	mg/l	mg/kg dry weight	mg/kg dry weight
1-ethoxypropan-2-ol	1250.	37.6	3.76
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	100.	3.29	0.329
Ethyl alcohol	580.	3.60	2.90
Isopropyl alcohol	2251.	552.	552.
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	6.58	12.5	12.5
n-butyl acetate	35.6	0.981	0.0981
Naphtha (oil), heavy alkylated	uvcb	uvcb	uvcb
Predicted no-effect concentration, terrestrial organisms:	PNEC Air	PNEC Soil	PNEC Oral
- Air, soil and effects for predators and humans:	mg/m3	mg/kg dry weight	mg/kg bw/d
1-ethoxypropan-2-ol		2.40	142.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	_	0.290	
Ethyl alcohol	_	0.630	720.
Isopropyl alcohol	_	28.0	160.
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	-	2.31	-
n-butyl acetate	_	0.0903	_
Naphtha (oil), heavy alkylated	uvcb	uvcb	uvcb

(-) - PNEC not available (without data of registration REACH).

uvcb - The substance has an unknown or variable composition (UVCB). The conventional methods to derive the PNEC are not appropriate and it is not possible to identify a single PNEC representative for these substances, and therefore not used in calculations for risk assessment.

8.2 EXPOSURE CONTROLS:

ENGINEERING MEASURES:





Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and vapours below the Occupational Exposure Limits, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protection of respiratory system: Avoid the inhalation of vapours.

Protection of eyes and face: It is recommended to install water taps or sources with clean water close to the working area.

Protection of hands and skin: It is recommended to install water taps or sources with clean water close to the working area. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin. Barrier creams should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS: Directive 89/686/EEC~96/58/EC:

As a general measure on prevention and safety in the work place, we recommend the use of a basic personal protection equipment (PPE), with the corresponding EC marking. For more information on personal protective equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, type and characteristics of the PPE, protection class, marking, category, CEN norm, etc..), you should consult the informative brochures provided by the manufacturers of PPE.

Mask:	A-type filter mask (brown) for gases and vapours of organic compounds with a boiling point higher than 65°C (EN14387). Class 1: low capacity up to 1000 ppm, Class 2: medium capacity up to 5000 ppm, Class 3: high capacity up to 10000 ppm. In order to obtain a suitable protection level, the filter class must be selected depending on the type and concentration of the contaminating agents present, in accordance with the specifications supplied by the filter producers. The respiratory equipment with filters does not work satisfactorily when the air contains high concentrations of vapour or oxygen content less than 18% in volume. In presence of high concentrations of vapour, use independent breathing apparatus.
Safety goggles:	Safety goggles designed to protect against liquid splashes, with suitable lateral protection (EN166). Clean daily and disinfect at regular intervals in accordance with the instructions of the manufacturer.
Face shield:	No.
Gloves:	Gloves resistant against chemicals (EN374). When repeated or prolonged contact with the product is expected, gloves of protection level 5 or higher should be used, with a breakthrough time of >240 min. When short contact with the product is expected, use gloves with a protection level 2 or higher should be used, with a breakthrough time >30 min. The breakthrough time of the selected glove material should be in accordance with the pretended period of use. There are several factors (for example, temperature), they do in practice the period of use of a protective gloves resistant against chemicals is clearly lower than the established standard EN374. Due to the wide variety of circumstances and possibilities, the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier should be taken into account. The gloves should be immediately replaced when any sign of degradation is noted.
Boots:	No.
Apron:	No.
Clothing:	No.



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Relative air

Relative water

Thermal hazards:

Not applicable (the product is handled at room temperature).

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

Avoid any spillage in the environment. Avoid any release into the atmosphere.

Spills on the soil: Prevent contamination of soil.

Spills in water: Do not allow to escape into drains, sewers or water courses.

Emissions to the atmosphere: Because of volatility, emissions to the atmosphere while handling and use may result. Avoid any release into the atmosphere.

VOC (industrial installations): If this product is used in an industrial installation, it must be verified if it is applicable the Directive 1999/13/EC, on the limitation of emissions of volatile compounds due to the use of organic solvents in certain activities and installations: Solvents: 68.4% Weight, VOC (supply): 68.4% Weight, VOC: 38.8% C (expressed as carbon), Molecular weight (average): 98.4, Number C atoms (average): 4.7, VOC CMR Cat.1+2: 0.11%.

Not applicable (non-aqueous media).

78.3 °C at 760 mmHg

1.97 at 20°C 1 atm.

3.1 kPa at 20°C 15.5 kPa at 50°C

2.1 - 14.2 % Volume 25°C

0.989 at 20/4°C

Not applicable (mixture).

Not available (lack of data).

Not applicable (mixture).

Not available (mixture untested).

Not available

Not available

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

Appearance

Physical state Liquid. Colour Violet. Odour Characteristic

- Odour threshold Not available (mixture).

pH-value - pH

Change of state

- Melting point

Initial boiling point

Density

Vapour density

Relative density

Stability

- Decomposition temperature

Viscosity:

Viscosity (flow time)

Volatility:

Vapour pressure Vapour pressure

Solubility(ies)

- Solubility in water

Liposolubility

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Flammability:

Flash point

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Autoignition temperature

Explosive properties:

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air and are able to flame up or explode in presence of an ignition source.

Not classified as oxidizing product.

9.2 **OTHER INFORMATION:**

- Heat of combustion 6219. Kcal/kg 31.6 % Weight Solids 68.4 % Weight - VOC (supply) - VOC (supply) 676.8 g/l

The values indicated do not always coincide with product specifications. The data for the product specifications can be found in the corresponding technical data sheet. For additional information concerning physical and chemical properties related to safety and environment, see sections 7 and 12.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1	REACTIVITY:
10.1	INEACTIVITIE.

Corrosivity to metals: It is not corrosive to metals. Pyrophorical properties: It is not pyrophoric.

10.2 CHEMICAL STABILITY:

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: 10.3

Possible dangerous reaction with oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis, peroxides.

10.4 **CONDITIONS TO AVOID:**

Heat: Keep away from sources of heat.

Light: If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight.

Air: Not applicable.

Humidity: Avoid extreme humidity conditions.

Pressure: Not applicable.

Shock: Not applicable.

10.5 INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:

Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.

10.6 HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

As consequence of thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: nitrogen oxides.





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SECTION 11: TOXIC OLOGICAL INFORMATION

No experimental toxicological data on the preparation is available. The toxicological classification for these mixture has been carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008~487/2013 (CLP).

11.1 <u>INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS:</u>

ACUTE TOXICITY:

Dose and lethal concentrations	DL50 (OECD 401)	DL50 (OECD 402)	CL50 (OECD 403)
for individual ingredients:	mg/kg oral	mg/kg cutaneous	mg/m3.4h inhalation
1-ethoxypropan-2-ol	7110. Rat	8100. Rabbit	> 9590. Rat
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	8532. Rat	> 5000. Rat	> 35700. Rat
Ethyl alcohol	10470. Rat	> 20000. Rabbit	> 20000. Rat
Isopropyl alcohol	5045. Rat	12800. Rabbit	> 72600. Rat
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	4300. Rat	1700. Rabbit	> 22080. Rat
n-butyl acetate	10768. Rat	17600. Rabbit	> 23400. Rat
Naphtha (oil), heavy alkylated	7000. Rat	> 2000. Rabbit	> 9300. Rat

No observed adverse effect level

Not available

Lowest observed adverse effect level

Not available

| INFORMATION ON LIKELY ROUTES OF EX POS URE : Acute toxicity:

Routes of exposure	Acute toxicity	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed
Inhalation: Not classified	ATE > 20000 mg/m3	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity if inhaled (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).
Skin: Not classified	ATE > 2000 mg/kg	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity in contact with skin (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).
Eyes: Not classified	Not available	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity by eye contact (lack of data).
Ingestion: Not classified	ATE > 5000 mg/kg	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity if swallowed (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).

CODDOCION	/ IDDITATION	/ SENSITISATIO	ANI •
CORROGION		/ SENSITIONIC	JIN .

CORROSION / IRRITATION / SENSITION ION .						
Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed			
Respiratory corrosion/irritation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product corrosive or irritant by inhalation (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).			
Skin corrosion/irritation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product corrosive or irritant in contact with skin (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).			
Serious eye damage/irritation:	Eyes	Cat.2	IRRITANT: Causes serious eye irritation.			
Respiratory sensitisation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product sensitising by inhalation (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).			
Skin sensitisation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product sensitising by skin contact (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).			

ASPIRATION HAZARD:

Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed
Aspiration hazard: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product hazardous by aspiration (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGANS TOXICITY (STOT): Single exposure (SE) and/or Repeated exposure (RE):

Effects	SE/RE	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	
Neurological:	SE	CNS	Cat.3	NARCOSIS: May cause drowsiness or dizziness if inhaled.	
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CMR EFFECTS:

Carcinogenic effects: It is not considered as a carcinogenic product.

Genotoxicity: It is not considered as a mutagenic product.

<u>Toxicity for reproduction:</u> Does not harm fertility. Does not harm the unborn child.

Effects via lactation: Not classified as a hazardous product for children breast-fed.

DELAYED AND IMMEDIATE EFFECTS AS WELL AS CHRONIC EFFECTS FROM SHORT AND LONG-TERM EXPOSURE:

Routes of exposure: May be absorbed by inhalation of vapour, through the skin and by ingestion.

Short-term exposure: Exposure to solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit, may result in adverse health effects, such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Liquid splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. If swallowed, may cause irritation of the throat; other effects may be the same as described in the exposure to vapours.

<u>Long-term or repeated exposure:</u> Repeated or prolonged contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

INTERACTIVE EFFECTS:

Not available.

INFORMATION ABOUT TOXICOCINE TICS, METABOLISM AND DISTRIBUTION:

Dermal absorption:

This preparation contains the following substances for which dermal absorption can be very high: 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate.

Basic toxicokinetics: Not available.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

Not available.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No experimental ecotoxicological data on the preparation as such is available. The ecotoxicological classification for these mixture has been carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008~487/2013 (CLP).

12.1	TOXICITY:
12.1	TOXIOITI.

Acute toxicity in aquatic environment for individual ingredients: 1-ethoxypropan-2-ol 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ethyl alcohol Isopropyl alcohol Xylene (mixture of isomers) n-butyl acetate Naphtha (oil), heavy alkylated	CL50 (OECD 203) mg/l.96hours 6812. Fishes 134. Fishes 14200. Fishes 9640. Fishes 14. Fishes 18. Fishes	CE50 (OECD 202) mg/l.48hours 180. Daphnia 408. Daphnia 5012. Daphnia 13300. Daphnia 16. Daphnia 44. Daphnia	CE50 (OECD 201) mg/l72hours > 100. Algae > 1000. Algae 275. Algae > 1000. Algae > 1000. Algae > 10. Algae 675. Algae 13. Algae
No observed effect concentration 1-ethoxypropan-2-ol 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate n-butyl acetate	NOEC (OECD 210) mg/L28days	NOEC (OECD 211) mg/l.21days 180. Daphnia > 100. Daphnia 23. Daphnia	NOEC (OECD 201) mg/L72hours

Lowest observed effect concentration

Not available

12.2 PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY:

Not available.

<u>Aerobic biodegradation</u>	DQO	%DBO/DQO	Biodegradability
for individual ingredients :	mgO2/g	5 days 14 days 28 days	
1-ethoxypropan-2-ol	1536.	~ 10. ~ 60. ~ 78.	Easy
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1520.	~ 22. ~ 78. ~ 90.	Easy
Ethyl alcohol	1990.	~ 74. ~ 95. ~ 99.	Easy
Isopropyl alcohol	2396.		Easy
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	2620.	~ 52. ~ 81. ~ 88.	Easy
n-butyl acetate	2204.	~ 80. ~ 82. ~ 83.	Easy
Naphtha (oil), heavy alkylated			Easy
2-methoxypropyl acetate	1816.		Easy

Note: Biodegradability data correspond to an average of data from various bibliographic sources.

12.3 BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL:

Not available.

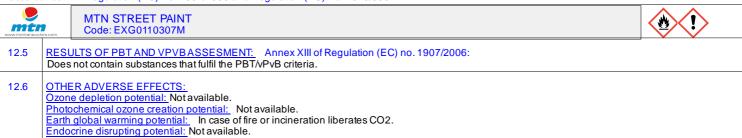
Bioaccumulation	logPow	BCF		Potential
for individual ingredients:		L/kg		
1-ethoxypropan-2-ol	-0.170	3.2	(calculated)	No bioaccumulable
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.560	3.2	(calculated)	No bioaccumulable
Ethyl alcohol	-0.310	3.2	(calculated)	No bioaccumulable
Isopropyl alcohol	0.0500	3.2	(calculated)	No bioaccumulable
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	3.16	57.	(calculated)	Low
n-butyl acetate	1.81	6.9	(calculated)	No bioaccumulable
Naphtha (oil), heavy alkylated	5.67	> 100.	(calculated)	Low
2-methoxypropyl acetate	0.360	3.2	(calculated)	No bioaccumulable

12.4 MOBILITY IN SOIL:

Not available.

SAFETY DATA SHEET (REACH)

In accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830



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SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 WASTE TREATMENT METHODS: Directive 2008/98/EC~Regulation (EU) no. 1357/2014:

Take all necessary measures to prevent the production of waste whenever possible. Analyse possible methods for revaluation or recycling. Do not discharge into drains or the environment, dispose at an authorised waste collection point. Waste should be handled and disposed in accordance with current local and national regulations. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

Disposal of empty containers: Directive 94/62/EC~2005/20/EC, Decision 2000/532/EC~2014/955/EU:

Emptied containers and packaging should be disposed in accordance with currently local and national regulations. The classification of packaging as hazardous waste will depend on the degree of empting of the same, being the holder of the residue responsible for their classification, in accordance with Chapter 15 01 of Decision 2000/532/EC, and forwarding to the appropriate final destination. With contaminated containers and packaging, adopt the same measures as for the product in itself.

Procedures for neutralising or destroying the product:

Controlled incineration in special facilities for chemical waste, in accordance with local regulations.

SAFETY DATA SHEET (REACH)

In accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830



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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Code: EXG0110307M

UN NUMBER: 1263 14.1

UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME: 14.2

PAINT

TRANSPORT HAZARD CLASS(ES) AND PACKING GROUP: 14.3 14.4

Transport by road (ADR 2015) and Transport by rail (RID 2015):

- Class: 3 - Packaging group: i - Classification code: Tunnel restriction code:

- Transport category: 2, max. ADR 1.1.3.6. 333 L

5 L (see total exemptions ADR 3.4) - Limited quantities:

- Transport document: Consignment paper.

- Instructions in writing: ADR 5.4.3.4

Transport by sea (IMDG 36-12):

Class: 3 - Packaging group: - Emergency Sheet (EmS): F-E,S_E - First Aid Guide (MFAG): 310,313 No. - Marine pollutant:

Shipping Bill of lading. - Transport document:

Transport by air (ICAO/IATA 2014):

- Class: - Packaging group:

- Transport document: Air Bill of lading.

Transport by inland waterways (ADN):

Not available.

14.7

14.5 **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

Not applicable (not classified as hazardous for the environment).

14.6 SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER:

Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of accident or spill. Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure adequate ventilation.

TRANSPORT IN BULK ACCORDING TO ANNEX II OF MARPOL 73/78 AND THE IBC CODE: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

EU SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS/LEGISLATION SPECIFIC 15.1

The regulations applicable to this product generally are listed throughout this Safety Data Sheet.

Restrictions on manufacture, placing on market and use: See section 1.2

Tactile warning of danger: If the product is intended for the general public, is mandatory a tactile warning of danger. The technical specifications for tactile warning devices shall conform with EN ISO standard 11683 relating to 'Packaging - Tactile warnings of danger - Requirements.'

Child safety protection: Not applicable (the classification criteria are not met).

OTHER REGULATIONS:

Control of the risks inherent in major accidents (Seveso III): See section 7.2

Other local legislations:

The receiver should verify the possible existence of local regulations applicable to the chemical.

CHEMICAL SAFETY ASSESSMENT: 15.2

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for this mixture.

(Special provision 640D) VP<110 kPa50ºC









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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

TEXT OF THE PHRASES AND NOTES REFERENCED IN SECTIONS 2 AND/OR 3:

Hazard statements according the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008~487/2013 (CLP), Annex III:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. H360D May damage the unborn child. H373i May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Notes related to the identification, classification and labelling of the substances:

Note H: The classification and label shown for this substance applies to the dangerous property(ies) indicated by the risk phrase(s) in combination with the category(ies) of danger shown.

Note P: The classification as a carcinogen or mutagen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0,1% w/w benzene (EC No. 200-753-7).

ADVICES ON ANY TRAINING APPROPRIATE FOR WORKERS:

It is recommended for all staff that will handle this product to carry out a basic training in occupational risk and prevention, in order to provide understanding and interpretation of Safety Data Sheets and labelling of products as well.

MAIN LITERATURE REFERENCES AND SOURCES FOR DATA:

- · European Chemicals Agency: ECHA, http://echa.europa.eu/
- · Access to European Union Law, http://eur-lex.europa.eu/
- · Industrial Solvents Handbook, Ibert Mellan (Noyes Data Co., 1970).
- · Threshold Limit Values, (AGCIH, 2013).
- · European agreement on the international carriage of dangerous goods by road, (ADR 2015).
- International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG including Amendment 36-12 (IMO, 2012).

ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS:

List of abbreviations and acronyms that can be used (but not necessarily used) in this Safety Data Sheet:

- · REACH: Regulation concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals.
- DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive.
- · DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive.
- · GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals of the United Nations.
- · CLP: European regularion on Classificatin, Labelling amd Packaging of substances and chemical mixtures.
- · EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
- · ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances.
- · CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (Division of the American Chemical Society).
- · UVCB: Substances of Unknown or Variable composition, complex reaction products or biological materials.
- · SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern.
- · PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic substances.
- · vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulable substances.
- · VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds.
- DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH).
- · PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH).
- · LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent.
- · LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent.
- · UN: United Nations Organisation.
- ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangeous goods by road.
- · RID: Regulations concerning the international transport of dangeous goods by rail.
- · IMDG: International Maritime code for Dangerous Goods.
- · IATA: International Air Transport Association.
- · ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

SAFETY DATA SHEET REGULATIONS:

Safety Data Sheet in accordance with Article 31 of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) and Annex of Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830.

HISTORIC: Date of compilation: Version: 1 18/12/2015

The information of this Safety Data Sheet, is based on the present state of knowledge and on current UE and national laws, as the users' working conditions are beyond our knowledge and control. The product is not to be used for other purposes than those specified, without first obtaining written handling instruction. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps in order to fulfil the demand laid down in the local rules and legislation. The information in this Safety Data Sheet is meant as a description of the safety requirements of the product and it is not to be considered as a guarantee of the product's properties.